HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Hickman County School District Clinton, KY

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hickman County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information on pages as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024



Hickman County Schools

416 North Waterfield Drive, Clinton, KY 42031 Heather Spillman, Superintendent BOARD MEMBERS Shannon Dowdy, Chairman; Klint Kimbell, Vice Chairman Caleb Deweese; Matt Hicks; Matt Latham

Kim Wilson, Director of Finance & Shane Bizzle, Director of Pupil Personnel & Services Director of Transportation Christel Nall, Preschool Coordinator

Director of District Wide

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT—CLINTON, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The June 30, 2024 cash balance for the District was \$3,915,900, as compared with the beginning cash balance of \$3,521,823. The large increase in cash is attributable to CARES Act grants received during the year.
- Government-wide net position increased by \$1,038,958 during the 2024 fiscal year. This increase is primarily the result of a reduction in our net OPEB liability during the year.
- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,558,828. This was the net effect of paying down the principal on prior bond issues and financed purchase obligations and a large decrease in the net pension and OPEB liabilities.
- There was no major construction during 2023-24, however, the District did enclose the boy's baseball batting cage, purchase a new 72-passenger school bus, a portable storage building, multiple heating and air units as well as several pieces of new equipment, including new serving line equipment for the food service department.
- The General Fund had \$8,151,510 in revenue, which primarily consisted of the State program (SEEK), property, franchise, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes, as well as payments made on-behalf of the District by the State. In addition, there was a net of \$231,145 in Other Financing Sources (Uses). The General Fund expenditures were \$7,939,612.
- General Fund revenue and Other Financing Sources (Uses) was \$369,325 less than the prior fiscal year and General Fund expenditures decreased \$337,559. These decreases

are primarily due to a large decrease in the pension on-behalf payments and expenditures made during the current year.

• SEEK funding decreased by \$159,263 from fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 to June 30, 2024 even though there was a \$100 per pupil increase in the guaranteed base funding. This decrease is directly related to a very large increase in our local property assessment, which negatively affects the SEEK formula, and a decrease in student enrollment.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District is divided into two distinct types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the District's programs and services are reported here, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant facilities, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.
- Proprietary (Business-Type) Activity This service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The Food Service enterprise fund is reported as a business activity.

The Statement of Net Position (on page 12) presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (on page 13) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. There is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental and proprietary (business-type) funds. The only proprietary fund is our food service operation. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

Fund financial statements start on page 14 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 23 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$5,406,476 as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, building and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress, if any) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Assets				
Current and other	\$ 4,243,472	\$ 3,805,074	\$ 438,398	11.52%
Capital assets-net	 8,760,843	 9,189,041	(428,198)	-4.66%
Total Assets	 13,004,315	 12,994,115	10,200	0.08%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	 1,872,675	 1,949,929	(77,254)	-3.96%
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities	6,166,910	7,725,739	(1,558,829)	-20.18%
Other liabilities	 750,291	 960,355	(210,064)	-21.87%
Total Liabilities	 6,917,201	 8,686,094	(1,768,893)	-20.36%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,553,313	 1,890,432	662,881	35.07%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	5,992,947	5,987,919	5,028	0.08%
Restricted	536,608	433,177	103,431	23.88%
Unrestricted	 (1,123,079)	 (2,053,578)	930,499	-45.31%
Total Net Position	\$ 5,406,476	\$ 4,367,518	<u>\$ 1,038,958</u>	23.79%

					Increase (Decrease)				
		Activities		Activities					
	Jı	June 30,2024		ine 30,2023	\$		%		
Revenues		<u> </u>							
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$	32,901	\$	25,694	\$	7,207	28.05%		
Operating grants and contributions	•	2,631,956	·	2,665,018	•	(33,062)	-1.24%		
Capital grants and contributions		164,149		187,691		(23,542)	-12.54%		
General Revenues									
Local tax revenues		2,790,579		2,766,801		23,778	0.86%		
Investment earnings		203,037		133,496		69,541	52.09%		
Student Activities		124,144		132,914		(8,770)	-6.60%		
Food Service		166,688		171,038		(4,350)	-2.54%		
Other local revenue		557,813		524,363		33,450	6.38%		
State aid-formula grants		5,395,417		5,980,439		(585,022)	-9.78%		
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		3,814		29,091		(25,277)	-86.89%		
		12,070,498		12,616,545		(546,047)	-4.33%		
Expenses									
Instruction		5,453,270		6,647,529	((1,194,259)	-17.97%		
Support services		3,891,191		4,242,490		(351,299)	-8.28%		
Non-instructional services		76,582		72,197		4,385	6.07%		
Interest on long-term debt		186,508		111,340		75,168	67.51%		
Depreciation/Amortization - unallocated		629,849		573,761		56,088	9.78%		
Food service		795,915		466,822		329,093	70.50%		
		11,033,315		12,114,139	((1,080,824)	-8.92%		
Change in net position		1,037,183		502,406		534,777	106.44%		
Net position - beginning of year		4,367,518		3,865,112		502,406	13.00%		
Net position - end of the year	\$	5,404,701	\$	4,367,518	\$	1,037,183	23.75%		

On-behalf amounts are included in the above figures. On-behalf payments are payments the State makes on behalf of the District to various agencies for health and life insurance benefits, retirement benefits, administration fees, technology, pension/OPEB costs, and debt service. The total on-behalf payments for 2024 and 2023 were \$2,690,741 and \$3,094,273, respectively.

Governmental Activities

Total revenues for governmental activities for 2024 were \$11,277,974. State aid and state and federal grants accounted for 64.1% of this revenue total and local taxes made up 24.7%. The total cost of all programs and services for governmental activities was \$10,237,400. Instruction for governmental activities comprised 53.3% of expenses. Revenues for governmental activities for the District for 2024 exceeded expenditures by \$1,040,574.

The cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services are shown on the Statement of Activities. The Statement of activities identifies the net cost of services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues (State entitlements).

Cost of Services

	Government	tal Activities	Governmenta	al Activities
	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	f Services
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Instructional	\$ 5,453,270	\$ 6,647,529	\$ 4,478,135	\$ 5,551,510
Support services	3,891,191	4,242,490	3,031,232	3,355,313
Other	706,431	645,958	580,110	539,455
Interest cost	186,508	111,340	153,157	92,983
Total Expenses	\$ 10,237,400	\$ 11,647,317	\$ 8,242,634	\$ 9,539,261

Business-Type Activities

The only business-type activity at the District is the Food Service operation. The Food Service Program had total revenues of \$845,932 and expenses of \$849,322 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Charges for services made up 3.9% of these revenues and Federal and State operating grants made up 94.8%. The remaining 1.3% of revenue is derived from investment earnings. Business-type activities such as this Food Service Program receive no support from local tax revenues. Management will closely monitor these activities and make adjustments as needed.

Capital Assets

The Hickman County School District had total net capital assets in the amount of \$8,841,830 at June 30, 2024. This total includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment, and vehicles. The buildings included in this total are as follows: Hickman County Elementary School, Hickman County High School, Hickman County Board of Education and Bus Garage and Concession Stands. Overall, net capital assets decreased by 3.78% during fiscal year 2024.

Governmental Activities - Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

					Increase (Dec	rease)
	Ju	ne 30,2024	June 30,2023		 \$	%
Land	\$	69,650	\$	69,650	\$ -	0.00%
Other capital assets		8,425,379		8,743,066	 (317,687)	-3.63%
Net Capital Assets	\$	8,495,029	\$	8,812,716	\$ (317,687)	-3.60%

Business-Type Activities - Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

					In	icrease (Dec	rease)
	Jun	e 30,2024	Jur	ne 30,2023		\$	%
Other capital assets		346,801		376,325		(29,524)	-7.85%
Net Capital Assets	\$	346,801	\$	376,325	\$	(29,524)	-7.85%

This year our depreciation expense was more than our capitalized purchases, which caused our net capital assets to decrease by \$347,211.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2024, the District had \$2,767,896, net of unamortized bond discounts, in bonds outstanding, of which \$393,139 is to be paid from the School Facilities Construction Commission (SFCC) funding provided by the State of Kentucky. The majority of this outstanding debt is a result of the construction of the Elementary School and various improvement projects to this and other existing buildings. The original bonds issued for the construction of the Elementary School have since been paid off with refunding bond issues at lower rates of interest. There was a new bond issue during fiscal year 2018-19 in the amount of \$1,880,000 to finance major construction improvements and renovations at the high school and elementary school. Please see the Notes to the Financial Statements for more detail on this long-term debt.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a cash basis for receipts, expenditures and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The Kentucky Department of Education requires a zerobased budget with any remaining fund balance to be shown as a contingency expenditure in the budgeting process. The General Fund had budgeted revenues of \$8,080,599 with actual results being \$8,436,610 for a favorable difference of \$356,011. Budgeted expenditures were \$8,559,354 compared to actual expenditures of \$7,993,567 for a favorable difference of \$565,787. The favorable difference in revenues was primarily due to higher interest rates resulting in more interest earned than anticipated, a high rate of collections for taxes, and payments made by KDE on-behalf of the District being higher than budgeted. The favorable expenditure difference was the result of budgeting very conservatively due to rising costs and potential unforeseen expenditures that fortunately did not occur. Actual revenues were in excess of anticipated revenues and actual expenditures were less than anticipated expenditures. The District received 62.4% of its General Fund revenue from state funding and 31.5% from local taxes. In the prior year, these percentages were 65.8% and 29.7%, respectively, which continues the trend of shifting cost from the state to the local level. Other local revenues, investments and indirect federal funds made up the remaining 6.1%.

The majority of the General Fund budget was expended on direct student instruction (56.7%) and student support expenditures (4.8%) for a total of 61.5% of the General Fund expenditures being for instruction. The remaining 38.5% was expended for school administrative support (4.7%) and for central support services (33.8%), which include transportation, plant operation and maintenance, District administration, business, and community operations.

Future Budgetary Implications

In Kentucky, the public schools' fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, such as some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District has adopted a budget for fiscal year 2024-2025 with \$2,683,554 (29.4%) in contingency.

There were no state mandated raises; however, the local board approved a 2% certified salary increase and a \$2.00 per hour increase for classified employees for the 2024-2025 school year.

The State SEEK per pupil guaranteed amount increased from \$4,200 in fiscal year 2023-24 to \$4,326 for fiscal year 2024-2025. Also, the forecasted transportation portion of the SEEK formula indicates an increase of approximately \$150,000. These changes resulted in the projected calculations for SEEK funding for fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 showing an increase of around \$223,500 over the prior year. The local tax effort is expected to be slightly higher due to an increase in local assessed property values for 2024.

From year to year, the District experiences fluctuations in student numbers depending on entering and graduating class sizes in addition to County population changes due to transfers. The forecasted trend for our County population has been downward for many years, however, we have seen an increase in our enrollment at the beginning of the 2024-25 school year. This growth in enrollment should result in our final SEEK calculation for 2024-25 being slightly higher than anticipated.

CONTACTING DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and other interested readers with information regarding the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions regarding this report should be directed to Heather Spillman, Superintendent, or to Kim Wilson, Director of Finance, at (270) 653-2341 or by mail at 416 Waterfield Drive North, Clinton, Kentucky 42031.

Hickman County School District Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	_	Primary Government				
	-	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,725,810 \$	190,091 \$	3,915,900		
Receivables (net) Taxes						
Accounts			_	-		
Intergovernmental		303,335		303,335		
Inventories		000,000	22,044	22,044		
Net OPEB asset			2,193	2,193		
Capital assets:			_,	_,		
Land, and construction in progress		69,650		69,650		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		8,344,392	346,801	8,691,193		
Total capital assets	-	8,414,042	346,801	8,760,843		
Total assets	_	12,443,187	561,129	13,004,316		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		666,998	32,541	699,539		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		1,125,063	13,455	1,138,517		
Deferred savings from refunding bonds		34.618	,	34,618		
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	1,826,679	45,996	1,872,675		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	14,269,865	607,125	14,876,990		
LIABILITIES						
Accrued interest payable		114,121		114,121		
Accounts payable		64,921	4,063	68,984		
Sickl leave		44,609	4,005	44,609		
Unearned revenue		304,132		304,132		
Long-term liabilities:		004,102		004,102		
Due within 1 year:						
Financed Purchases		73,445		73,445		
Bond obligations		145,000		145,000		
Total due within 1 year	-	218,445	-	218,445		
Due in more than 1 year:	-					
Financed Purchases		473,528		473,528		
Bond obligations		2,075,923		2,075,923		
Sick leave		78,553		78,553		
Net pension liability		2,088,938	101,915	2,190,853		
Net OPEB liability	_	1,348,053		1,348,053		
Total due in more than 1 year	_	6,064,995	101,915	6,166,910		
Total liabilities	_	6,811,224	105,978	6,917,201		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		591,278	28,847	620,125		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	1,890,336	42,852	1,933,188		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	2,481,614	71,699	2,553,313		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	9,292,838	177,677	9,470,514		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for:		5,646,146	346,801	5,992,947		
Capital projects		335,501		335,501		
Student activities		118,460		118,460		
Food service			82,647	82,647		
Deficit		(1,123,079)		(1,123,079)		
Total net position	_	4,977,028	429,448	5,406,476		
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$_	14,269,865 \$	607,125 \$	14,876,990		

Hickman County School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues				_	Net (Expense)	Reve	enue and Changes	s in N	et Position	
								-		Prir	mary Government		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	_	Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:													
Governmental activities:									<i></i>				
Instruction	\$ 5,453,27	0\$	-	\$	975,135	\$		\$	(4,478,135)			\$	(4,478,135
Support Services		_											
Student	858,50				153,514				(704,986)				(704,986)
Instructional Staff	640,19				114,477				(525,716)				(525,716
District Administration	778,54				139,217				(639,330)				(639,330
School Administration	879,56	3			157,280				(722,282)				(722,282
Business	590,49	0			105,589				(484,901)				(484,901
Plant Operation & Maintenance					-				-				-
Student Transportation					-				-				-
Food Service Operations	18,44	6			3,299				(15,148)				(15,148)
Community Services Operations	125,45				22,433				(103,018)				(103,018)
Building Acquistions & Construction	,				,		164,149		164,149				164,149
Other Non Instruction	76,58	2			13,694		10 1,1 10		(62,888)				(62,888)
Amortization	30,17				5,396				(24,780)				(24,780)
Depreciation	599,67				107,232				(492,442)				(492,442)
Interest on general long-term debt	186,50				33,351				(153,157)				(153,157)
Total governmental activities	10,237,40				1,830,617		164,149	-	(8,242,634)				(8,242,634)
	10,237,40	0	-	•	1,030,017		104,149	-	(0,242,034)				(0,242,034)
Business-type activities:													
Food service operations	759,97	2	34,675		801,339					\$	76,042		76,042
Depreciation	35,94	3									(35,943)		(35,943)
Total business-type activities	795,91	5	34,675		801,339		-	-	-	_	40,100		40,100
Total primary government	\$11,033,31	5 \$	34,675	\$	2,631,956	\$	164,149	-	(8,242,634)		40,100		(8,202,535)
	General revenu												
		Tax											
			Property taxes						2,220,916				2,220,916
			Motor vehicle taxes	s					270,778				270,778
			Uitility taxes						298,885				298,885
			n on sale of equipn						3,814				3,814
		Stat	e and formula gran	ts					5,395,417				5,395,417
		Stu	lent activities						124,144				124,144
		Foo	d service						166,688				166,688
		Oth	er local revenue						557,813				557,813
		Unr	estricted investmen	t ear	rnings				191,345		11,692		203,037
			nsfers		-				53,407		(53,407)		(0)
		Tota	al general revenues					-	9,283,208		(41,715)		9,241,493
	Change in net							-	1,040,574		(1,615)		1,038,958
	3		position - beginning	9				_	3,936,454	_	431,064		4,367,518
		Net	position - ending					\$	4,977,028	\$	429,448	\$	5,406,476

Hickman County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Governmental Funds									
	_	General	_	Special Revenue		Debt Service Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	3,202,066	\$	35,892	\$	1,175	\$	486,677	\$	3,725,810
Intergovernmental				303,335						303,335
Total assets		3,202,066	_	339,228		1,175		486,677		4,029,145
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		29,761		35,096				64		64,921
Unearned revenue				304,132						304,132
Total liabilities		29,761	_	339,228		-		64	_	369,053
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		85,000				1,175		453,961		540,136
Committed		39,063								39,063
Assigned								32,651		32,651
Unassigned		3,048,241								3,048,241
Total fund balance	_	3,172,304		-		1,175		486,613		3,660,092
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	3,202,066	\$_	339,228	\$	1,175	\$	486,677	\$	4,029,145

Hickman County School District

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 3,660,092
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	8,414,042
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	34,618
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Financed purchases payable Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(114,121) (2,220,923) (546,973) (123,162) (2,088,938) (1,348,053)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Eferred inflows related to pensions	666,998 1,125,063 (1,890,336) (591,278)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,977,028

Hickman County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	General	Special Revenue	 Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	1,993,707 \$		\$ \$	227,209	\$	2,220,916
Motor vehicle		270,778					270,778
Utilities		298,885					298,885
Unmined minerals		,					-
Student activities					124,144		124,144
Food service					166,688		166,688
Earnings on investments		186,371		618	4,356		191,345
Other local revenue		275,392	168,578		113,843		557,813
Intergovernmental - state		5,088,495	393,889	269,041	164,149		5,915,574
Intergovernmental - federal		37,881	1,436,728				1,474,609
Total revenues	_	8,151,510	1,999,194	 269,658	800,390	-	11,220,752
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		4.498.204	1,284,348		365,417		6,147,969
Support Services		, , -	, - ,		,		-, ,
Student		383,491	83,860				467,351
Instructional Staff		334,670	58,527				393,198
District Administration		577,390	91,629				669,019
School Administration		371,267	- ,				371,267
Business		440,800					440,800
Plant Operation & Maintenance		848.242	59,354				907,595
Student Transportation		474,377	136,286		3,798		614,461
Food Service		,	18,446		,		18,446
Community Operations		11,170	114,281				125,451
Debt Service		,	,	537,713			537,713
Other Non-Instruction				,	76,582		76,582
Total expenditures	_	7,939,612	1,846,730	 537,713	445,797	-	10,769,852
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		211,898	152,464	(268,054)	354,593		450,900
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		3,814					3,814
Operating transfers in		281,286	25,415	268,672	-		575,373
Operating transfers (out)		(53,955)	(177,879)	,	(290,132)		(521,966)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		231,145	(152,464)	 268,672	(290,132)	-	57,221
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		443,043	-	618	64,460		508,121
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	2,729,261		 557	422,152	-	3,151,971
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	3,172,304 \$		\$ 1,175 \$	486,613	\$	3,660,092

Hickman County School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 508,121
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	230,541
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	364,668
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	(398,674)
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(3,272)
Bonds sold at a discount/premium are deducted/added to the related bond issues and amortized over the life of the bond in the government wide financial statements, but are recognized in the year the bonds are sold in the fund financial statements.	(26,904)
Bond and financed purchase payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	436,498
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accured interest payable Sick leave payable	(85,293) 14,889
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,040,574

Hickman County School District Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

		School Food Services
ASSETS	<u>^</u>	400.004
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	190,091
Inventories		22,044
Net OPEB asset		2,193
Capital assets:		_,
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		346,801
Total assets		561,129
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		32,541
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		13,455
		45,996
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	607,125
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		4,063
Net pension liability		101,915
Total liabilities		105,978
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		28,847
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		42,852
Total defered inflows of resources		71,699
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		177,677
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets		346,801
Restricted		82,647
Total net position		429,448
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	607,125

Hickman County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	32,901
Other revenue		1,775
Total operating revenues		34,675
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		35,943
Food service operations		
Salaries and benefits		327,723
Operational expense		432,249
Total operating expenses		795,915
Operating income (loss)	_	(761,240)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovermental revenues		801,339
Transfers in (out)		(53,407)
Earnings from investments		11,692
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		759,624
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(1,615)
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		431,064
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	429,448

Hickman County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		School Food Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers	\$	37,520
Payments to suppliers		(439,006)
Payments to employees		(350,243)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(751,730)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Operating grants and contributions		801,339
Transfers		(53,407)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		747,932
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest		11,692
Purchase of capital assets		(6,419)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		5,273
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,475
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		188,615
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	190,091
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities:	•	(704.040)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(761,240)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		35,943
Changes in assets and liabilities:		00,040
Receivables		2,845
Inventory		(4,329)
Deferred outflows		(6,716)
Deferred inflows		22,690
Pension liability		(6,664)
OPEB liability		(31,830)
Accounts payable		(2,428)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(751,730)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$32,774 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$75,798 provided by state government.

Hickman County School District Statement of Fiduiciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

ASSETS	Trust Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$55_
Total assets	55
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 55
Total liabilities	55
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	<u> </u>

Hickman County School District Statement of Changes in Fiduiciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Trust Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions/Donations	\$	43,500
Total additions		43,500
DEDUCTIONS Instruction Total Duductions	_	43,500 43,500
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		-
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	-

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Hickman County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Hickman County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Hickman County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit

The Board authorized establishment of the Hickman County Board of Education Finance Corporationa non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Hickman County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each functionor program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Within the General Fund, a permanent fund was established from a gift to the Hickman High School for scholarships the benefit of students seeking a college degree. This is always amajor fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. KDE requires this fund to be a major fund.

(C) Student Activities Fund

The Student Activities Fund accounts are used to support co-curricular activities, and are raised and expended by student groups. These funds are subject to "Redbook".

(D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling..

(E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

(F) District Activities Fund

The District Activities Fund accounts for funds that have been raised by the District for student groups.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of

accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchangetransactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted,matching requirements, in which the Tesources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also beavailable before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as

inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as

prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietaryfunds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of financed purchases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term

obligations that

will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making terminationpayments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable:	Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds
	that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.
Restricted:	Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.
Committed:	Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.
Assigned:	Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose,
	including encumbrances.
Unassigned:	Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the
	General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories: 1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position areavailable.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.566 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.566 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.547 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents

an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow

of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordancewith the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their

regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the

Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

Recent GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections-an amendment of GASB

Statement No. 62 effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents \$3,915,900. The bank balance for thesame time was \$4,682,052.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		<u>July 1, 2023</u>		Additions		Deductions		<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Land	\$	69,650	\$	-	\$	-	\$	69,650
Land improvements		363,523		-		-		363,523
Buildings		15,743,215		38,758		-		15,781,973
Technology equipment		33,560		-		22,180		11,380
Vehicles		951,477		126,531		146,664		931,344
General equipment		482,551		35,710		13,754		504,507
Property under financed purchase		274,692		-		-	_	274,692
Total at historical cost	\$	17,918,668	\$	200,999	\$	182,598	\$	17,937,069
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements	\$	272,010	\$	14,961	\$	-	\$	286,971
Buildings		7,900,494		431,940		-		8,332,434
Technology equipment		25,023		2,276		22,180		5,120
Vehicles		549,132		51,975		146,664		454,443
General equipment		147,358		36,845		13,754		170,449
Property under financed purchase	_	211,935		61,676	_	-	_	273,611
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	9,105,952	\$	599,673	\$	182,598	\$_	9,523,027
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$	8,812,716	\$	(398,674)	\$_	-	\$_	8,414,042
Business-Type Activities		<u>July 1, 2023</u>		Additions		Deductions		<u>June 30, 2024</u>
Buildings Technology equipment		1,035,533 -		-		-		1,035,533 -
General equipment		396,308		6,419	_	-		402,727
Total at historical cost	\$	1,431,841	\$	6,419	\$	-	\$	1,438,260
Less: Accumulated depreciation			:		=		=	
Buildings		778,554		22,225		-		800,779
Technology equipment		-		-		-		-
General equipment	_	276,962		13,717	_	-	_	290,680
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ _	1,055,516	\$	35,943	\$ _	-	\$	1,091,459
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	376,325	\$	(29,523)	\$	-	\$_	346,801

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions.

NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Hickman County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Hickman County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any timeby retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

Bond Issues	Original Amount	Maturity Dates	Interest <u>Rates</u>	Bonds utstanding ne 30, 2023	Add	litions_	Re	<u>tirements</u>	Ou	Bonds tstanding <u>e 30, 2024</u>
2012 - Refunding	\$ 2,185,000	2024	.50 - 2.125%	\$ 210,000	\$	-	\$	110,000	\$	100,000
2016	\$ 1,165,000	2028	1.0 - 2.0%	685,000		-		40,000		645,000
2018	\$ 1,880,000	2039	3.0 - 4.0%	 1,735,000				210,000.00		1,525,000
				2,630,000		-		360,000		2,270,000
Less:	Discount			 (52,349)		-		(3,009)		(49,340)
Totals				\$ 2,577,651	\$	-	\$	356,991	\$	2,220,660

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

SEE SCHEDULE ON NEXT PAGE

Fiscal Year Ended <u>at June 30,</u>	Principal Local KSFCC		Interest Local KSFCC					Principal <u>Total</u>	Interest <u>Total</u>		
2025	\$	121,091	\$ 23,909	\$	64,577	\$	7,661	\$	145,000	\$	72,238
2026		125,510	24,490		61,859		7,078		150,000		68,938
2027		129,910	25,090		59,031		6,481		155,000		65,513
2028		134,285	25,715		56,057		5,855		160,000		61,913
2029		137,362	22,638		52,902		5,223		160,000		58,125
2030-2034		603,880	61,120		205,219		19,300		665,000		224,519
2034-2039		764,559	70,441		77,422		6,853		835,000		84,275
	\$	2,016,597	\$ 253,403	\$	577,066	\$	58,453	\$	2,270,000	\$	635,519

Financed purchases

The following is an analysis of the leased property under financed purchase by class:

Original <u>KISTA Issues Amount</u>		Maturity Dates	Interest Rates	Ou	KISTA tstanding e 30, 2023	Additions	Ref	irements	KISTA Outstanding <u>ments June 30, 2024</u>		
2011	\$	396,465	10/1/2031	1.5 - 4.3%	\$	261,465		\$	25,000	\$	236,465
2012	\$	457,000	8/1/2032	2.0 - 3.375%		290,000			25,000		265,000
2014B	\$	95,135	3/1/2024	2.0 - 2.625%		8,557			8,557		-
2015B	\$	95,117	3/1/2025	3.00 - 4.00%		17,271			8,507		8,764
2018B	\$	92,757	3/1/2028	2.0 - 3.0%		46,178			9,434		36,744
					\$	623,471	\$-	\$	76,498	\$	546,973

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under financed purchase together

with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year Ended <u>at June 30,</u>	Principal Local KSFCC		Interest Local KSFCC					Principal <u>Total</u>	Interest <u>Total</u>		
2025	\$	58,695	\$ 14,750	\$	13,766	\$	4,885	\$	73,445	\$	18,651
2026		49,708	15,282		11,837		4,354		64,990		16,191
2027		47,583	15,830		10,137		3,805		63,413		13,941
2028		52,242	16,418		8,384		3,217		68,660		11,600
2029		42,954	17,046		6,525		2,588		60,000		9,113
2030-2033		156,055	60,410		11,018		3,856		216,465		14,874
-	\$	407,237	\$ 139,736	\$	61,666	\$	22,704	\$	546,973	\$	84,371

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2024 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

		2023				2024
	Out	standing			Out	standing
	В	alance	Additions	Retirements	В	alance
Sick Leave	\$	93,442	\$	14,889	\$	78,553

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

Activity in the net pension and net OPEB liability are below:

Description	_	2023 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements		2024 Outstanding Balance
Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,178,753 2,550,704	\$ 12,100	\$ 1.202.651		\$ 2,190,853 1,348,053
Totals	\$	4,729,457	\$ - 12,100	\$ - 1,202,651	-	\$ 3,538,906

NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly

payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is lessthan ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first

ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 United States Code. sec. 401(h) and a 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2024 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	 18,587,830
	\$ 18,587,830

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.109100%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	24 years
Inflation	3.0%
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Projected Salary Increase	3.50 -7.20%, including inflation
	27

Investment Rate of Return

7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022:

In the 2022 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase

were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality

Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was raised from 2.5% to 3.0%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return

Large Cap U.S. Equity 35.4% 5.0% Small Cap U.S. Equity 2.6% 5.5% Developed International Equity 15.7% 5.5% Emerging Markets Equity 5.3% 6.1% Fixed Income 15.0% 1.9% High Yield Bonds 5.0% 3.8% Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	NOTES TO THE FINAN	CIAL STATEMEN	ΓS (CONTINUED)
$\begin{array}{ccccccc} Developed International Equity & 15.7\% & 5.5\% \\ Emerging Markets Equity & 5.3\% & 6.1\% \\ Fixed Income & 15.0\% & 1.9\% \\ High Yield Bonds & 5.0\% & 3.8\% \\ Other Additional Categories & 5.0\% & 3.6\% \\ Real Estate & 7.0\% & 3.2\% \\ Private Equity & 7.0\% & 8.0\% \\ Cash & 2.0\% & 1.6\% \\ \end{array}$	Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Emerging Markets Equity 5.3% 6.1% Fixed Income 15.0% 1.9% High Yield Bonds 5.0% 3.8% Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Fixed Income 15.0% 1.9% High Yield Bonds 5.0% 3.8% Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%
High Yield Bonds 5.0% 3.8% Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.1%
Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	Fixed Income	15.0%	1.9%
Real Estate 7.0% 3.2% Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.8%
Private Equity 7.0% 8.0% Cash 2.0% 1.6%	Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.6%
Cash <u>2.0%</u> 1.6%	Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
	Private Equity	7.0%	8.0%
Total <u>100.0%</u>	Cash	2.0%	1.6%
	Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%)or 1percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 24,931,772	\$ 18,587,830	\$ 14,798,130

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at http://www.TRS.ky.gov/.

County Employees Retirement System

Plan description-Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement SystemsAnnual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or athttps://kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits provided: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and

other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$2,190,853 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

CERS-Medical Insurance Plan

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service asfollows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forwardtechniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.034144%.

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$ 2,190,853
Commonwealth's monostionets share of the CERS not monoion	
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability associated with the District	-

\$____

2,190,853

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$230,541. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATE	EMEN	TS (CONTINUED Deferred) Deferred
	-	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	113,416 \$	5,953 200,793
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		236,674	266,559
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		113,728	146,820
measurement date	_	235,721	
	\$	699,539 \$	620,125

The \$699,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,							
2024	\$	(153,036)							
2025		(30,970)							
2026		48,909							
2027	_	(21,210)							
	\$	(156,307)							

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets

	and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018.

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Non-US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Special Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	5.15%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term assumed investment

rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine thetotal pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,766,084	\$ 2,190,853	\$ 1,712,814

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary netposition is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at <u>https://kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements.

NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) *TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans*

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at

http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information .

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,393,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District.

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .0571940%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability	\$ 1,393,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District	1,174,000
	\$ 2,567,000

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$		\$	472,000
Changes of assumptions		317,000		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		26,000		
share of contributions		398,000		540,000
District contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	-	108,281	· -	
	\$	849,281	\$	1,012,000

The \$849,281 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

		Year Ended June 30,
2025	\$	(87,000)
2026		(73,000)
2027		12,000
2028		(13,000)
2029		(56,000)
Thereafter		(54,000)
	\$	(271,000)
	-	

Changes of Benefit Terms – The TRS 4 benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after Jan. 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions-

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.

- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.

- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual

experience more closely.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	26 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price inflation
Inflation	2.5%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%

Salary Increase3.0 to 7.5%, including wage inflationDiscount Rate7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed longterm investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real <u>Rate Percentage of Return</u>
Global Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Additional Categories: high yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other additional categories	5.0%	4.0%
Cash	2.00%	1.6%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed

to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.

- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statue and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
 - Employee Contributions
 - Employer Contributions
 - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30,2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata

reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions

equal to the actuarially determined contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the MIF's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2020).

Based on these assumptions, the MIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	9	1% Increase
KTRS		6.10%	7.10%	, D	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	1,792,000	\$ 1,393,000)	\$ 1,064,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,003,000	\$ 1,393,000	\$ 1,879,000

<u>Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life</u> <u>Insurance Plan (LIF)</u>

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly. *Benefits provided -* Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate

share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District \$ 29,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$197,345 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.13%
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, includes price inflation
Inflation	2.5%
Real Wage Growth	0.25 %
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increase	3 to 7.5%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5- year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years –

25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%. *Benefits provided* – Post Retirement Death Benefits – members with a least 4 years creditable service the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

Total medical benefit obligation	\$ 15,089,106
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value	 (8,672,597)
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	\$ 6,416,509

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(47,140) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .0341430 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	(47,140)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	-	
	\$	(47,140)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$167,323. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	32,964	\$ 669,342
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		92,768	64,650
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		88,221	99,161
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		51,518	88,035
measurement date	-	23,765	
	\$_	289,236	\$ 921,188

The \$289,236 (includes \$15,397 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2024	\$ (172,538)
2025	(203,231)
2026	(159,827)
2027	(120,222)
	\$ (655,818)

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with thisimplicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms-None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Date of Valuation Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period	June 30, 2023 Entry Age Normal Level percent of pay 30-year closed period at June 30, 2023
Asset Valuation Method	20% of difference between the market value of
Price Inflation	assets and the expected actuarial value of assets. 2.50%
Salary Increase	3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service
Investment Return	6.50% 2.00%
Payroll Growth Mortality	System-specific mortality table based on
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023 Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	period of 13 years. Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 14 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In)	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ended, the plan's insurance fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The projection of cash flows used to determine the singlediscount rate assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) that applies to CERS.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount

rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 88,464	\$ (47,140)	\$ (160,692)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in health care trends is below:

	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Curi		Current Trend Rate		
District's proportionate share						
of net OPEB liability	\$	(151,092)	\$	(47,140)	\$	80,555

NOTE G – COMMITMENTS

The District did not have any commitments as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE H – CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

NOTE I – LITIGATION

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$20,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts etc. Each of these

risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, unemployment, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

NOTE L – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE M – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	<u>To Fund</u>	Amount		<u>Purpose</u>
General	Special Revenue	\$	25,415	KETS
Food Service	General		53,407	Indirect
FSPK	Debt Service		240,132	Debt Payments
General	Debt Service		28,540	Debt Payments
FSPK	General		50,000	Operating
Special	General	\$	177,879	Indirect

NOTE N – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB Schedule A)	\$ 1,118,080
Health and Life Insurance	1,280,957
Administrative Fee	11,492
HRA/Dental/Vision	49,533
Federal Reimbursement	(103,566)
Technology	65,204
SFCC Debt Service Payments	269,041
Total	\$ 2,690,741

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE O- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Hickman County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budget	ed A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
		Original	-	Final		Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	2,037,967		2,037,967	\$	1,993,707	\$ (44,260)
Motor vehicle		280,000		280,000		270,778	(9,222)
Unmined minerals		50		50		-	(50)
Utilities		250,000		250,000		298,885	48,885
Earnings on investments		80,000		80,000		186,371	106,371
Other local revenue		196,170		196,170		275,392	79,222
Intergovernmental - state		4,982,964		4,982,964		5,088,495	105,531
Intergovernmental - federal		35,000	_	35,000		37,881	2,881
Total revenues	_	7,862,151	-	7,862,151		8,151,510	289,359
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		4,483,897		4,495,241		4,498,204	(2,963)
Support Services				, ,		, ,	
Student		423,654		423,654		383,491	40,163
Instructional Staff		326,346		326,346		334,670	(8,324)
District Administration		583,032		589,747		577,390	12,357
School Administration		401,310		401,310		371,267	30,043
Business		424,755		431,105		440,800	(9,695)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		1,181,306		1,196,406		848,242	348,164
Student Transportation		668,206		676,022		474,377	201,645
Community Services		13,423		13,423		11,170	2,253
Debt Service						-	-
Total expenditures	_	8,505,929	-	8,553,254		7,939,612	613,642
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1	(643,778)		(691,103)		211,898	903,001
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		1,000		1,000		3,814	2,814
Operating transfers in		217,448		217,448		281,286	63,838
Operating transfers (out)	_	(53,425)	_	(55,059)		(53,955)	1,104
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	165,023	-	163,389		231,145	67,756
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(478,755)		(527,714)		443,043	970,757
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	2,669,261	-	2,669,261	_	2,729,261	60,000
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	2,190,506	\$	2,141,547	\$	3,172,304	\$ 1,030,757

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Hickman County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	-	Budget	ted Am	iounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	 Actual	_	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Other local revenue	\$	128,695		133,095	\$ 168,578	\$	35,483
Earnings on investments					-		-
Intergovernmental - state		403,337		389,559	393,889		4,330
Intergovernmental - federal		971,578		1,122,678	 1,436,728	_	314,050
Total revenues	_	1,503,609		1,645,331	 1,999,194	_	353,863
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		1,094,818		1,099,717	1,284,348		(184,631)
Support Services							. ,
Student		43,095		43,095	83,860		(40,765)
Instructional Staff		72,267		46,844	58,527		(11,684)
District Administration					91,629		(91,629)
Business Support					-		-
Plant Operation & Maintenance		31,574		45,455	59,354		(13,899)
Student Transportation					136,286		(136,286)
Food Service				132,730	18,446		114,284
Community Services Operations	_	114,291		114,291	 114,281	_	11
Total expenditures	_	1,356,046		1,482,132	 1,846,730	-	(364,598)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		147,563		163,199	152,464		(10,736)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		24,885		26,519	25,415		(1,104)
Operating transfers (out)		(172,448)		(172,448)	(177,879)		(5,431)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(147,563)		(145,929)	 (152,464)	_	(6,535)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		17,270	-		17,270
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	-		-	 -	_	-
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$	-	\$	17,270	\$ _	\$	17,270

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CERS and TRS For the year ended June 30, 2024

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)					Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2017 (2016)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:													
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.03414%	0.03164%		0.03838%		0.03696%		0.03889%		0.03802%	0.03977%	0.04316%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (as	set) \$	2,190,853	\$ 2,287,332	\$	2,447,026	\$	2,834,571	\$	2,735,432	\$	2,315,534	\$ 2,327,802	\$ 1,958,428
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District			 		980,333.00		939,426.00		988,272.00		942,309.00	 854,192.00	
Total	\$	2,190,853	\$ 2,287,332	\$	3,427,359	\$	3,773,997	\$	3,723,704	\$	3,257,843	\$ 3,181,994	\$ 1,958,428
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,777,544	\$ 629,639										
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		123.25%	363.28%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.68%	52.00%		57.33%		47.71%		50.45%		53.54%	53.32%	55.50%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:													
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (as	set] \$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		18,587,830	 18,494,817		15,193,678	_	16,038,292		15,354,424		14,796,911	 32,230,348	 35,037,573
Total	\$	18,587,830	\$ 18,494,817	\$	15,193,678	\$	16,038,292	\$	15,354,424	\$	14,796,911	\$ 32,230,348	\$ 35,037,573
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,148,848	\$ 2,431,280	\$	3,685,128	\$	3,572,959	\$	3,472,265	\$	3,433,231	\$ 3,566,092	\$ 3,510,777
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.70%	56.40%		65.59%		58.27%		58.76%		59.28%	39.83%	35.22%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TRS For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 2024	024 2023		2022		 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:										
Contractually required contribution	\$ 231,925	\$	199,314	\$	185,043	\$ 189,214	\$ 181,318	\$ 160,294	\$ 136,455	\$ 128,373
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 231,925		199,314		185,043	 189,214	 181,318	 160,294	\$ 136,455	\$ 128,373
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -		-		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,777,544	\$	629,639	\$	874,117	\$ 980,333	\$ 939,426	\$ 988,272	\$ 942,309	\$ 966,886
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	13.05%		31.66%		21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.28%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:										
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 					 	 	 	 	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -		-		-	 -	 -	 -	 -	 -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,148,848	\$	2,431,280	\$	3,489,596	\$ 3,685,128	\$ 3,572,959	\$ 3,472,265	\$ 3,433,231	\$ 3,566,092
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS For the year ended June 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

TRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

- Remaining amortization period changed to 24 years
- Single Equivalent interest rate changed to 7.1%
- Municipal bond rate index changed to 3.66%
- Projected salary increase changed to 3.50-7.20%
- Investment rate of return changed to 7.1%

CERS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- Remaining amortization period increased to 30 years
- Salary increase changed to 3.30 to 10.30%

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

TRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	24 years
Inflation	3.0%
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Projected Salary Increase	3.50 -7.20%, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

<u>CERS</u>

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2024. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date Experience Study	June 30, 2019 July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization	Period 30 years, Closed Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be
	amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases
Payroll Growth Rate	2.0%
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS Nonhazardous;
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous,
Phase-in Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		(Measurement Date) 2024		Measurement Date) (N		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)		ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2019 (2018)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN		(2020)		(2022)		(2021)	 (2020)	 (2010)	 (2010)		
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.05719%		0.07880%		0.06227%	0.06069%	0.05982%	0.05841%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	et)\$	1,393,000	\$	1,956,000	\$	1,336,000	\$ 1,531,765	\$ 1,751,000	\$ 2,027,000		
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		1,174,000		1,956,000		1,085,000	 1,227,000	 1,414,000	 1,747,000		
Total	\$	2,567,000	\$	3,912,000	\$	2,421,000	\$ 2,758,765	\$ 3,165,000	\$ 3,774,000		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,148,848	\$	2,431,280	\$	3,685,128	\$ 3,572,959	\$ 3,472,265	\$ 3,433,231		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		33.58%		80.45%	-	36.25%	42.87%	50.43%	59.04%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		52.97		47.74		51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%		
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN											
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	et)\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		29,000		32,000		37,000	 33,000	 30,000	 25,000		
Total	\$	29,000	\$	32,000	\$	37,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 25,000		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,148,848	\$	2,431,280	\$	3,572,959	\$ 3,472,265	\$ 3,433,231	\$ 3,566,092		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asseet) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		76.91%		73.97%		71.57%	73.40%	75.00%	79.99%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 2024	2023		2022			2021	2020			2019		
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN													
Contractually required contribution	\$ 199,718	\$	138,910	\$	104,688	\$	110,555	\$	107,190	\$	104,169		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 199,718		138,910		104,688		110,555		107,190		104,169		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -		-		_								
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,148,848	\$	2,431,280	\$	3,489,596	\$	3,685,128	\$	3,572,959	\$	3,472,265		
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	4.81%		5.71%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN													
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 		-		-						-		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 -		-		-		-		-		-		
District's covered-employee payroll	4,148,848		2,431,280	\$	3,489,596	\$	3,685,128	\$	3,572,959	\$	3,472,265		
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		Reporting Fiscal Year I (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)				ng Fiscal Year urement Date) 2022 (2021)	 ng Fiscal Year urement Date) 2021 (2020)	(Meası	ng Fiscal Year urement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)		
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN		(2020)		(2022)		(2021)	 (2020)		(2010)		(2010)	
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)		0.03414%		0.03164%		0.03837%	0.03695%		0.03888%		0.03802%	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset	t) \$	(47,140)	\$	624,341	\$	734,594	\$ 892,135	\$	653,995	\$	675,002	
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District							 					
Total	\$	(47,140)	\$	624,341	\$	734,594	\$ 892,135	\$	653,995	\$	675,002	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,777,544	\$	629,639	\$	980,333	\$ 939,426	\$	988,272	\$	942,309	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-2.65%		99.16%		74.93%	94.97%		66.18%		71.63%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		-4.63%		60.94%		62.91%	51.67%		60.44%		57.62%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		2024		2023		2022	 2021	 2020	2019		2018	
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN												
Contractually required contribution	\$	8,368	\$	36,486	\$	50,531	\$ 46,654	\$ 44,708	\$	51,987	\$	44,280
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		8,368		36,486		50,531	 46,654	 44,708		51,987		44,280
Contribution deficiency (excess)				-		-	 -	 -		-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,777,544	\$	629,639	\$	874,117	\$ 980,333	\$ 939,426	\$	988,272	\$	942,309
District's proportionate share as a percentage covered-employee payroll	of it's	0.47%		5.79%		5.78%	4.76%	4.76%		5.26%		4.70%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

TRS

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables(Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8% to 7.1%. The price inflation assumption was
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of payroll
Remaining Amortization	26 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed fair value
Inflation	2.5%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary Increase	3.0 to 7.5%, including inflation
Discount rate	7.1%

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

CERS

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- Amortization period increased to 30.
- \circ Salary increase changed from 3.30 11.55% to 3.30 10.30%
- Mortality methodology changed from RP-2000 to MP-2014
- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 6.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.5% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Valuations as Of	June 30, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method	Entry Age Normal 20% of difference between the market value of assets and the
	expected actuarial value of assets.
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	30 years, closed at June 30, 2023
Payroll Growth	2.00%
Investment Return	6.50%
Price Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service
Mortality	MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of
	2023
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an
	ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65)	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an
	ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In)	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate
	in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

Hickman County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Capital Outlay		Building Fund	Construction		School Activity Fund	Disrict Activity Fund	-	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents \$	194,922	\$	140,579	\$ 	\$	118,460	\$ 32,716	\$	486,677
Total Assets	194,922	: =	140,579			118,460	32,716	=	486,677
Liabilities Accounts Payable \$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 64	\$	64
Total Liabilities		: =	-		:	-	64	-	64
Fund Balance Restricted Assigned	194,922		140,579	-		118,460	32,651	-	453,961 32,651
Fund Balance	194,922	: =	140,579		:	118,460	32,651	=	486,613
Total Fund Balance and Liabilitie \$	194,922	\$	140,579	\$ 	\$	118,460	\$ 32,716	\$	486,677

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Hickman County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2024

		Capital Outlay	Building	Construction	School Activity Fund	District Activity Fund	Total
Revenues	-						
From Local Sources							
Property Taxes	\$	\$	227,209 \$	\$,
Student Activities					101,848	22,297	124,144
Food Service Earnings on Investments					166,688 4,356		166,688 4,356
Other Local Revenue					105,155	8,688	113,843
Intergovernmental - State		64,368	99,781		100,100	0,000	164,149
	-	0.,000					
Total Revenues	_	64,368	326,990	-	378,047	30,985	800,390
Expenditures					000.070	10.040	005 447
Instruction					323,370	42,048	365,417
Student Transportation Building Acquisitions & Constructions					3,798		3,798
Other Non-Instruction					76,582		- 76,582
	-				10,002		10,302
Total Expenditures	_	-	·		403,750	42,048	445,797
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		64,368	326,990	-	(25,702)	(11,063)	354,593
	_				<u>_</u>	<u>, </u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In							-
Transfers (Out)	-		(290,132)				(290,132)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	(290,132)				(290,132)
Net Change in Fund Balances		64,368	36,858	-	(25,702)	(11,063)	64,460
Fund Balance Beginning		130,554	103,722	-	144,162	43,714	422,152
Fund Balance Ending	- \$	194,922 \$		- \$			
5	. =	- , +	T	*		. ,/	,

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Hickman County School District Combining Balance Sheet - School Activity Funds June 30, 2024

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	HICKMAN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL		,	HICKMAN COUNTY ELEMENTARY	TOTAL	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$	98,193 98,193	\$	20,267	\$	<u>118,460</u> 118,460
LIABILITIES Accounts payable					-	
FUND BALANCE School activities		98,193		20,267	_	118,460
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	98,193	\$	20,267	\$	118,460

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Hickman County School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - School Activity Funds June 30, 2024

	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS							
	HIC 	HICKMAN COUNTY ELEMENTARY						
Revenues Student/Trust revenues	\$	347,161	\$	29,233	\$	376,394		
Expenses Student/Trust activities	_	373,652		30,098		403,750		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		(26,491)		(865)		(27,356)		
Fund Balance Beginning		124,684		21,131		145,816		
Fund Balance Ending	\$	98,193	\$	20,267	\$	118,460		

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Hickman County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in the Fund Balance - Hickman County High School Year ended June 30, 2024

		FUND BALANCE BEGINNING		REVENUES		EXPENSES		TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
	—				_				
GENERAL STUDENT FEES	\$	5,396.78 40.00	\$	14,955.68 4,765.00	\$	18,837.80	\$	1,399.45 \$ (4,805.00)	2,914.11
COMMUNITY EDUCATION		452.46		500.00		236.41		(1,000100)	716.05
FLOWER FUND		1,401.91		87.77		318.40			1,171.28
FLIGHT									-
KAPS		11,082.73		28,006.06		22,933.44		(705.00)	15,450.35
FIELD TRIP		264.95				112.52		(152.43)	-
RETIREMENT RECEPTION		9.92						(9.92
STAFF REWARDS		1,584.85		3,035.72		3,475.53		(352.00)	793.04
		6,205.33		49,189.69		51,064.13		(1,028.66)	3,302.23
BOY'S BASKETBALL GIRL'S BASKETBALL		4,757.75 4,258.43		27,429.00 5,602.00		27,099.19 12,044.31		2,183.88 2,183.88	7,271.44
BASEBALL		4,256.45		37,204.10		37,661.58		(446.35)	11,746.67
SOFTBALL		10,452.77		21,257.67		22,729.43		(1,955.17)	7,025.84
VOLLEYBALL		1,511.62		6,028.00		6,668.53		(440.00)	431.09
CROSS COUNTRY		1,214.74		481.60		831.00		(440.00)	865.34
GOLF		865.89		3,235.00		3,269.69			831.20
CHEERLEADERS		4,731.90		20,414.05		26,829.78		1,683.88	0.05
ARCHERY		6,317.08		4,176.56		5,027.45		.,	5,466.19
MS BASKETBALL CONSESSIONS		1,000.00		10,776.51		7,869.41		(2,407.08)	1,500.02
HS BASKETBALL CONSESSIONS		1,048.00		14,439.00		10,913.95		(3,073.04)	1,500.01
HS BETA		459.20		4,689.25		3,561.02		(300.00)	1,287.43
MS BETA		702.47		4,229.00		3,982.63		(50.00)	898.84
HS STEM CLUB		3,183.21		2,182.00		3,021.37		40.00	2,383.84
MS SCIENCE		751.50							751.50
FBLA		2,651.35		4,515.00		5,267.41		10.00	1,908.94
FFA		11,679.96		26,218.10		30,845.57		(310.00)	6,742.49
FCCLA		1,983.41		3,923.83		4,331.82		1,155.00	2,730.42
SPANISH		25.42		30.00		55.42			-
TRAP		1,351.47		98.00		4 005 00		500.00	1,449.47
ACADEMIC YEARBOOK		249.56		1,074.54		1,095.90 14,472.58		500.00	728.20
FCA		2,631.95 1,162.75		11,798.00 940.00		14,472.58 598.92		110.00 (30.00)	67.37 1,473.83
LIBRARY		253.32		29.95		157.80		(30.00)	125.47
ED RISING		845.04		50.00		107.00			895.04
PEP CLUB		1,152.84		360.00				10.00	1,522.84
GREEN HOUSE		1,238.97		785.00		791.70		10100	1,232.27
MILITARY		1,320.12		140.00		283.80			1,176.32
GAMERS CLUB		390.00						(390.00)	, -
MS LIGHTHOUSE		165.17						(165.17)	-
FCS		175.00						(175.00)	-
PROM		3,368.80		6,897.00		8,827.06			1,438.74
STUDENT COUNCIL		951.56		2,401.73		2,822.03		(10.00)	521.26
DRAMA		212.72		2,960.00		1,364.24		(930.00)	878.48
FALCON STORE		174.85						(174.85)	-
CRAFT CLUB		157.96		140.00					297.96
JAMES H. PHILLIPS SCHOLARSHIP		160.00		665.00		500.00			325.00
HC RETIRED TEACHERS		0 400 00		1,200.00		1,200.00		00.00	-
SHILOH TEST ASSISTANCE 4 RIVERS		2,428.00		1,087.00		1,572.00		600.00	2,543.00
4 RIVERS HC ALUMNI SCHOLARSHIP		1,144.87		6.607.00		5 667 00			1,144.87
FIRST DISTRICT TOURNAMENT		7.48 4,494.58		7,463.00		5,667.00 5,995.89		(5,961.69)	947.48 (0.00)
SMITH-SPRAGGS SCHOLARSHIP		3,883.28		1,844.04		2,000.00		(0,001.00)	3,727.32
JERRY LACEWELL SCHOLARSHIP		0,000.20		1,000.00		1,000.00			5,121.52
BILLY BROWN SCHOLARSHIP				2,000.00		2,000.00			-
SCHOLARSHIP				250.00		250.00			-
DIST ACTIVITY FUND SWEEP	_	80.00			. <u> </u>	14,065.35		13,985.35	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>	101.001	^	0.17.101	<u> </u>	070.050	<u> </u>	(0) 0	
TOTALS	\$	124,684	*	347,161	*	373,652	* =	(0) \$	98,193

Hickman County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education	10.555				
* National School Lunch Program Fiscal Year 23	10.555	7750002 23 \$	- \$	N/A	89.099
Fiscal Year 24		7750002 23 \$	- φ -	N/A	317,886
Fiscal Year 23		9980000 23	-	N/A	28,200
* National School Breakfast Program Fiscal Year 23	10.553	7760005 23		N/A	47,257
Fiscal Year 24		7760005 23	-	N/A N/A	175,120
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					657,562
State Administrative Grant for Nutrition	10.560				
Fiscal Year 23		7700001 23	-	N/A	1,381
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 24		510.4950	-	N/A	32,774
Total US Department of Agriculture					691,717
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 23	-	349,809	126,214
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 24	-	346,829	243,606
					369,820
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 23	-	196,704	56,190
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	3810002 24	-	198,035	154,398
Special Education Grants to States COVID	84.027U 84.173	4910002 22 3800002 24	-	39,417	29,702
Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education Cluster Subtotal	04.173	3600002 24	-	20,006	20,006 260,296
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 24		3,946	3,946
Improving Teacher Quality Improving Teacher Quality	84.367 84.367	3230002 23 3230002 24	-	40,864 32,449	4,763 26,836
	04.007	5250002 24	-	52,445	31,599
Dural Education	04.050	24 40002 02		10 101	12 120
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 23	-	19,101	13,120
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 23	-	17,106	17,106
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425U	4300002 21	-	1,326,190	293,981
Passed Through KY Cabinet of Health and Human Services					
ARPA Preschool Partnership Grant - COVID	93.575	562JP	-	150,000	21,837
ARPA Preschool Partnership Grant - COVID	93.575	562KP	-	150,000	<u>147,590</u> 169,427
Total US Department of Education					1,159,296
US Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through KY Department of Education					
Youth Suiced Prevention and Early Intervention	93.243	551JG	-	40,000	37,976
Passed Through Murray Independent School District					
Head Start	93.600	04CH011242-04	-	172,448	177,879
Total US Department of Health and Human Services					215,855
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				\$	
Total Experiature of realized Awarus				3	2,000,008

* Major program

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Hickman County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Hickman County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District received food commodities totaling \$32,774.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Hickman County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Hickman County School District Clinton, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hickman County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hickman County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hickman County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hickman County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hickman County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hickman County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Hickman County School District Clinton, KY

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hickman County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hickman County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Hickman County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Hickman County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Hickman County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hickman County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Hickman County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Hickman County

School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Hickman County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Hickman County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Hickman County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hickman County School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended June 30, 2024

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None Reported N/A
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – COVID 19 [AL Child Nutrition Cluster [ALN 10.555, 10.553]	N 84.425]
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000
Low risk auditee?	No
EINDINGS EINANCIAI STATEMENT AUDIT	

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

HICKMAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.